

1. Various members of the Yugoslav Delegation to the Peace Conference at Paris, who were interviewed independently, expressed their fear that the United States would bring up the Yugoslav question at the Ceneral Assembly of the United Nations. They consider that this will be a critical moment for Tito's regime, since they believe Russia is not yet prepared for war and consequently may sacrifice Tito if the opposition is too strong.

An indication that Stalin will not always support Tito was given in the recent incident involving the American pilots. Russia not only did not come to Tito's rescue, but according to the delegates, ordered him to fulfill the American demands without further discussion.

If Yugoslavia is on the UN agenda it will be due to the pressure of American public opinion, the delegates believe. The smaller member nations, feeling they are backed by the United States, will be encouraged to express their antagonism to Tito. In the words of one delegate: "If we pass this erisis, we will remain in power for twenty years."

- The conviction was also expressed that the United States demonstrated by its ultimatum that it intends to follow an unswerving and predetermined line, and, unlike Great Britain, will accept no compromise solutions. In this connection another delegate is quoted as remarking that the British are afraid of the nearness of Soviet Russia and of the possibility of an invasion of their island, and that therefore when a crisis arises they always beat a diplomatic retreat. It is not so with the Americans however, with whom it is "impossible to talk".
- 5. From the various conversations it appeared that all Tito's non-Communist collaborators are anxious to make contact with the Yugoslav "reactionary" opposition groups abroad. They are hoping for a change of Government in the near future and hope in this way to ensure for themselves a position in the future life of the country. It was learned that certain Croat delegates attempted to enter into contact with the Croatian Peasant Party (HSS) in an effort to work out some joint plan of action, but they were turned down by Dr. Vladko Macek, exiled leader of the HSS.

The Communists are reported to be much disturbed by Macek's recent trip to the United States which they feel will result in the coalition of all Serb,

CLASSIFICATION COMPANY									
·	ADSO	A DEP.	x FBT	SPDF	VTO (.)	INFAIR	F		
25X	PADSO	FBK	FBV	SPDS	B DEP.	TULIV	.,		
	EXEC	ED1	FDV	COOT	0500				
									
¥								 	
								L_L	

DEMOCT

. . . . - Approved For Release 2000/06/26 : CIA-RDP82-00457R000100050007-2

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

-2-

lacek is permitted

Croat and Slovene opposition groups. They believe that if Macek is permitted to present his case before the UN he will become a considerable threat.

It appears that Tito is being abandoned by all those parties which joined with the Communists in the formation of a coalition Government because it is now apparent that in spite of their participation, only the Communist Party has any power. One delegate believes that the groundwork for any change will be laid by Dragoljub Jovanovich's left-wing Agrarians, the Montenegrins, and the Republicans.